## Write a short note on Tort Law on the Internet.

## **Tort Law on the Internet.**

Tort, in common law, is a civil offense (other than a breach of contract) that causes damage or harm to the plaintiff, resulting in legal liability for the person who committed the fraudulent act. This can include deliberate emotional distress, negligence, financial loss, injury, invasion of privacy, and many other things. Tort law includes claims in a lawsuit seeking private civil damages, usually monetary damages. Tort claims can be compared to criminal law, which deals with criminal acts punishable by the state. Although civil and criminal legal systems differ in the United States, misdemeanors such as assault and battery can result in civil prosecution and criminal prosecution. Tort law can conflict with contract law, which also provides civil remedies after a breach of duty arising from a contract; Contractual obligations, however, are agreed to by both parties, but in both tort and criminal law, the obligations are more basic and differ regardless of whether the parties have a contract or not. They have bearded loss or damage in advance as a direct effect of their violation of duty. While crimes are torts, the cause of prosecution for civil damages does not have to be the result of a criminal act; Civil damages can be caused by negligence that does not constitute criminal negligence. The loss victim may recover her damages in the form of damages in the lawsuit. In order to win, the plaintiff in the lawsuit, the so-called party, must prove that the action or inaction is a legally recognizable cause of the damages. In civil law jurisdiction, violence is tantamount to "crime."

Internet tort cases have already been brought against businesses and clients. Most of the cases are related to fraud, negligence, false advertising, misrepresentation, and trademark violations. Fraud is the intent to deceive. If an adverse material fact about a product is known in advance and covered up in a sale, it will be a case of fraud by the e-merchant against the consumer. Negligence does not take a specific action, resulting in injury or material loss to another person. False advertising is simply a publication of the availability of a product or service, in reality, there is no such thing available. They claim that the product does something when it is not actually possible is misrepresented.